

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

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PORTSMOUTH, N. H., TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1917.

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PRICE TWO CENTS

AMERICAN WARSHIPS NOW IN SOUTH ATLANTIC

Have Relieved British and French Warships in Patrol in Western Hemisphere

(By Associated Press)
Rio Janeiro, June 5.—The Chamber of Deputies voted to send a cablegram of congratulations to the United States on the arrival of an American squadron.

Washington, June 5.—This is the first published statement of the arrival of American warships to relieve the British and French warships in the western hemisphere. For the present the navy officials refuse to comment or make any statement.

PORTSMOUTH BOYS RUSH HOME TO REGISTER

Away up in British Columbia comes a telegram from James Cogswell, a Portsmouth boy, for instructions about registering. He was instructed to register with the American consul. He is employed as an engineer with a firm engaged in making munitions for the Allies.

John E. Davis employed with Bachelier & Snyder of Boston, came here today to register. He was with Manager Priest of The Wentworth for several seasons but is now a road man for the above firm.

FRENCH RETAKE POSITIONS

(By Associated Press.)
Paris, June 5.—The points captured on the Alsace front by the Germans were retaken yesterday by the French.

INVESTORS ARE UNWILLING TO TAKE UP ISSUE

(By Associated Press)
Tokio, June 5.—The subscriptions to the new railway bonds, which the Japanese government has just floated on behalf of the Imperial government railways, total about \$21,473,675, according to a statement issued by the Bank of Japan.

Subscriptions from the public were under \$10,000,000. The rest of the bonds were assigned to the underwriting banks. General investors, anticipating the issue of Japanese loans at more advantageous terms, have apparently been unwilling to take up the issue.

NEW BEDFORD MAN ARRESTED

(By Associated Press)
New Bedford, June 5.—Joseph Wesolay was arrested today and taken by federal officers to Boston to be arraigned before a United States commissioner on the charge of interfering with registration.

DESTROYER SUNK BY GUN FIRE

Another Badly Damaged in a Running Fight With English Squadron--Seven Germans Rescued and Made Prisoners.

GERMAN NAVAL BASE BOMBARDED

(By Associated Press)
London, June 5.—The German naval base at Ostend has been bombarded by British warships. The British vessels were uninjured. The aerial attacks on these establishments on the Belgian border are being kept up with good success. Only minor operations are reported from the British front.

CONNECTED WITH UNDERGROUND MAIL SYSTEM

(By Associated Press)
New York, June 5.—Herman Freuche, an electrical engineer who was arrested last night charged with violating the postal laws is expected to furnish additional evidence in connection with the underground mail system to Germany. Just what connection Freuche had with the three men arrested on Sunday is not known. It is believed that other and more important arrests will be made.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Funeral of Mrs. Nancy M. Lang will be held from the home 183 Austin street Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Friends invited.

(By Associated Press)
London, June 5.—A German destroyer was sunk and another badly damaged in a running fight with Commodore Trywitt's squadron. The official statement says: "Commodore Trywitt's force of light cruisers and destroyers sighted six German destroyers and engaged them in a running fight. One of them S-20 was sunk by gun fire and one other badly damaged. Seven of the survivors of the S-20 were picked up and made prisoners. No casualties on our part."

ASKS FOR THE STATE MILITIA TO QUELL RIOTS

Prisoners in Joliet State Prison in Uprising and Warden Appeals to Governor to Send Troops to Suppress Them

(By Associated Press)
Chicago, June 5.—Rioting has broken out in the state prison at Joliet, forty miles from here. A. Bourne, temporary warden, has telegraphed to Gov. Lowden asking for the militia to suppress the rioters. Three fires have been set, it is reported. Joliet, June 5.—Serious rioting broke out among the convicts at the state prison today. Five buildings were set on fire. Companies B and F of the First Illinois Infantry on the Federal service, encamped near here were summoned to quell the rioters. Three fire companies which responded met with opposition from the convicts who used bricks and tools they had obtained from the tool house. The first work of the soldiers was to clear the convicts away from the fire so the firemen could work. Three hours after the trouble had not been subdued, but the soldiers were making progress in driving the men to the cell room.

TROOPS SENT TO AID IN REGISTERING

(By Associated Press)
Lansing, Michigan, June 5.—Governor Steeper telegraphed the commanding officer of Company M, 33d Michigan Infantry at Marquette to hurry to Neegaunee, a mining town with 25 men to assist in registration. Reports that J. W. W. agitators were influencing young men not to register was the cause of this action.

ARRESTED FOR OPPOSING REGISTRATION

(By Associated Press)
New York, June 5.—The first arrest in connection with the registration occurred in Hohenheim when federal officers arrested Otto Schroeder, born in Germany, for distributing handbills attacking the law.

HEAVY FIRING CONTINUES ON BELGIAN FRONT

(By Associated Press)
Berlin, June 5.—Heavy artillery firing continues on the Belgian front. Today's report says the advance of detachments sent to learn the damage have been repulsed.

URGED YOUNG MEN NOT TO REGISTER

(By Associated Press)
Boston, June 5.—Frank Motham, of Norwood, a mill operative arrested yesterday on the charge of urging young men not to register, was held in \$10,000 after a hearing before a United States commissioner. He pleaded not guilty.

POSITION OF PREMIER IS PERILOUS

(By Associated Press)
Amsterdam, June 5.—A Vienna dispatch states that serious dissections are expected when the Heinestrat opens and says that the position of Premier has become perilous. The greater trouble is among the Czechs, German Poles and Socialists.

APPEAL TO DESERTERS

(By Associated Press)
Berlin, via London, June 5.—A decree has been issued appealing to deserters to return to the flag before July 15. To those who respond, amelioration from punishment is promised, or a pardon if they show by their work in the field. The decree says the offer will not be repeated.

MANY YOUNG MEN RESPONDING TO THE REGISTRATION ORDER

Quiet Prevails in All the City Precincts--Eight Hundred or More Cards Expected to Be Filed

Tuesday was the day assigned for the registration of all male residents between the ages of 21 and 31 years, under the universal military conscription act and it is expected that about eight hundred will be registered before the registration booths close tonight. Quite a number of our foreign citizens registered and was as far as noticeable there was no attempt to avoid registration. At each ward there was a representative of the National defense committee and a number of young men signified their intention of enrolling in most every instance selecting the National Guard. The registration booths will remain open until 9 this evening. Several Portsmouth young men who are employed in other cities came here to register. Ward One registration officers worked steadily for two hours after the opening hour at 7 a. m., and by 8 o'clock eight cards had been filled out. The precinct expects to have a registration of 160 or more. Louis Soule is the registration officer and is assisted by Walter Badger, Harry Dowdell and Thomas Timmons. Miss Hefenger and Miss Mangraw assisted Mr. H. Bell in the work of enrollment and the distribution of the president's message. Several preference cards were filled out by young men in this precinct and most of them signified their intention of joining the National Guard, a few put down for the navy. The first registration card was issued to Edward M. Buckley.

Ward Two will naturally have the largest registration. At noon nearly 300 cards had been issued by the registration officer, Charles E. Batchelder, who is assisted by George B. Lord, Mark A. Anthony, Charles S. Long and H. D. McDonough. Corporal Thompson, Privates Butler and Townsend worked for enrollment in the National Guard, army, navy and marine corps, and were assisted by F. M. Sise, Mrs. Howard and Miss Gooding. No preference cards for enrollment had been filled out up to 11 o'clock. The first registration card was issued to Reginald C. Jones. One hundred cards had been issued in Ward Three at 12 o'clock. The first card went to Hugh MacDonald. Clayton L. Trueman acted as registration officer and was assisted by Stanton M. Trueman and Thomas S. Marden. Privates Baker and Dole of the First Company, N. H. C. A., handled the preference cards for enrollment, assisted by Mrs. James Bilbruck. At noon Ward Four registration showed 50. The first card went to William T. Call of South street. The registration officer in this precinct is John W. Newell and the assistants are John G. Tobey, Harold M. Smith, Rev. E. W. Scott, U. S. N. and Arthur H. Locke. Privates Head and Demers of the First Company, N. H. C. A., assisted in the work of enrollment. The largest number of foreigners appeared for registration in Ward Five. Up to the noon hour 70 cards had been issued. Elmer E. Clark is in charge of the work, assisted by Robert E. Lear, Miss Sallie Hovey and Mrs. John L. Mitchell. Privates Painehand and Hutchins of the local Coast Artillery Company worked on the enrollment.

BIG EXTENSION OF DIRECT TRADE

(By Associated Press)
Batavia, Netherlands, East Indies, June 5.—The value of Java's exports to America in the first quarter of 1917 exceeded that of the entire export in the year 1916. Considerable public interest has recently been attracted to the big extension that direct trade with the United States has undergone. Largely in consequence of war circumstances, the Holland markets are being eliminated in a number of cases. For instance, one or two important purchases of tobacco for America have been made here recently instead of, as usual, at the Amsterdam auction sales. Well-known American commercial men have been visiting the Netherlands East Indies, and the American banking world is extending its operations in the colonies. Efforts have been set on foot to find a regular market for Java tea in the United States. Japan, as well as America, is keenly alive to the commercial possibilities of the country and, in the enforced absence of German and other competitors, Japanese trade is rapidly extending.

WANTED—Any convalescents or person in ill health who wants board and nurse's care with a private family in an exclusive and quiet locality, address A. B. C., this office.

Screen doors and window screens, at low prices, at Paul's, 87 Market street.

Read the Want Ads.

Special Sale of Silk Shirt Waists

In spite of the higher prices in the silk market we place on sale today a most attractive lot of silk waists at very unusual savings. These are of pure silk in plain white, flesh and mauve, in plain tailored styles, ruffled front, and the wide collar and jabot effects, edged with venise lace. Then, too, there are the pretty stripes in tub silks, in pink, blue and lavender tones. A selection from this lot gives you a dressy silk waist that will wash perfectly, yet costs no more than a waist of cotton. Sizes up to 44. Usually priced at \$2.50.

Special today \$1.98

Geo. B. French Co.

Muslin, Scrim and Lace Curtains

White Muslin Curtains with narrow lace edge, suitable for camps or bedroom curtains; special at 59c pr.

White Muslin Curtains with lace insert, with wide hem 65c pr.

White Scrim Curtains, with Dutch hemstitched and lace edge \$1.15 pr.

White Filet Lace Curtains \$1.69 and \$2.25 pr.
White and Ecru Nottingham Lace Curtains, ready to hang \$1.00 to \$1.89

Ask to see the new style Curtain Rods we are showing.

L. E. STAPLES, Market St.

MISSIONARY CHARGED WITH SLANDERING PRESIDENT WILSON

(By Associated Press)
Peking, June 4.—Gilbert Reid, the American editor placed under arrest by consular authorities on a charge of slandering President Wilson, came to China from America many years ago, as a missionary. Recently he has conducted the International Institute at Shanghai, an organization designed to harmonize the various religions of the Orient.

Two months ago he came to Peking from Shanghai and became the editor of the Peking Post, an afternoon daily said to be financed by German interests. Reid published daily editorials in this paper over his own signature in which he criticized the attitude of the United States towards

Germany, and it is charged, conveyed the impression that President Wilson's views were not representative of the views held by the majority of the American people.

His utterances were very objectionable to Americans and the representatives of the various powers. The news columns of his papers were filled with items, likely, it is alleged to put the American government and the President in the wrong light before the Chinese.

The consulate at Peking gave Mr. Reid a preliminary hearing at which he pleaded not guilty of the charge of seditious utterances, preferred against him. He was remanded to the United States Court for China, and released under \$2,500 bail.

DEMANDS MONEY DEPOSITED IN BELGIAN BANK OF ALLIES

(By Associated Press)
Geneva, Switzerland, June 5.—The correspondent in Belgium of the *Laus Anne Gazette* writes that General von Falkenhayn, the new governor-general of Belgium, has demanded all the scripts titles and money deposited in the Belgian banks belonging to the German allies and amounting to many millions of francs.

The Belgian bankers and the Belgian firms who constructed the bank safes refused to open them. Thereupon, according to the correspondent, General Falkenhayn sent to Berlin for expert safe breakers who went to Brussels but failed to open the safes. The *Gazette's* correspondent suggested, "why not give up all the goods as in North and South America, these are plenty of German bonds and script to cover many times this loss to the allies in Belgium."

HAS BROUGHT ABOUT A CRITICAL SITUATION

(By Associated Press)
Havre, June 5.—News received here shows that the gradual stripping of Belgium by the German troops of all its resources in provisions has brought about a critical situation. A semi-official communication issued from the office of the German commandant recounts the circumstances of all the important foodstuffs, a suburb of Brussels, provision merchants having demanded the equivalent of fifteen cent. each for eggs, the housewives revolted, overturned the baskets of the merchants and destroyed their stocks. The enraged public attacked vegetable merchants also because of their exaggerated demands.

The report of the commandant telling of the outbreaks is regarded by Belgians here as destined to create hostility between consumers and the producers, and direct attention from the fact that the exorbitant prices of the necessities of life in Belgium are due to the excessive demands of the occupying troops, that have not only devastated parts of the country but have sent fugitives to Germany instead of leaving them to cultivate their own land.

WHAT BILLY SUNDAY SAYS

In one of his meetings at Boston the noted evangelist said, "I believe that

every disease can be cured by some weed if we can only discover it. There is not an ailment that God has not somewhere in herb growing that will cure that ailment."

The choice medicinal herbs which will cure women's ailments were discovered more than forty years ago, and have been doing their beneficent work for half a century. Lydia L. Pinkham combined them in convenient form in her famous Vegetable Compound, which is to be found in the drug stores, where every ailing woman may conveniently get it at small cost. It does the work.

BIGGEST BARN IN STATE BURNS

Hallowell, June 5.—The largest barn in the state, the George Sheldon farm in this town, was struck by lightning yesterday afternoon and burned to the ground. Two horses, several valuable cows, a large quantity of hay and many farming implements were also lost.

So swift was the advance of the flames that a man working in the barn was cut off from any exit through the doors, but managed to escape by a window. Mrs. Sheldon, the wife of the owner, had a narrow escape in trying to save the horses.

The owner, Charles Sheldon, was not at home when the fire occurred. The building was protected with an elaborate system of lightning rods. The shower during which it was destroyed was not severe. The loss is estimated at \$3000, well covered with insurance.

BOSTON POLICE ARREST MORASH

Boston, June 5.—Roy C. Morash, who is alleged by the police to have represented himself as a British army officer and to have solicited funds in a number of New England cities for the funeral of an American supposed to have been killed in the European war, was arrested here yesterday. He was charged with defrauding a woman in the Roxbury district of \$20 and will be arraigned today. Morash said he lived in Nova Scotia.

Many lile come from impure blood. Can't have pure blood with faulty digestion, lazy liver and sluggish bowels. Burdock Blood Bitters is recommended for strengthening stomach, bowels, and liver and purifying the blood.

RESERVISTS WON EASILY FROM MARINES

On Monday afternoon the baseball team of the Portsmouth Naval Training Station took an easy game from the Boston Navy Yard Marine team, winning 16 to 1. The Trailing Station players hammered Sweet, a former first-month player, out of the box in the fifth and Spooner, who relieved him, well treated as badly. Savage pitched for the sailors for four innings, held the visitors at his mercy, allowing only one hit. Stewart, who went to the box in the fifth, although allowing a few to walk, held them hitless. The visitors scored their only run in the eighth on two errors, a batted ball and a sacrifice hit.

For the reservists the game was a contest and a comedy of errors, sixteen safe ones being hit for a total of twenty-six bases. Bruce, the former P. A. star, hit a double, a triple and two singles in four times at bat. McDew made two triples, a single and a sacrifice and Chisholm hit a triple and a two-bagger. The visitors made thirteen errors. The summary:

Trailing Station	Runs	Hits	Errors
Chisholm, 3b.....	0	2	0
McDew, ss.....	3	3	0
English, cf.....	1	1	0
Shoemaker, 1b.....	6	0	1
Barrow, c.....	4	2	1
Bruce, 2b.....	4	3	3
Hanson, p.....	5	3	2
Bennett, p.....	4	1	0
Savage, p.....	2	1	0
Stewart, p.....	2	1	0
Totals.....	32	16	10

U. S. M. C.	Runs	Hits	Errors
Galvin, cf.....	0	0	1
Drishwater, 3b.....	0	0	3
Vendulk, 2b.....	4	0	0
Scott, ss.....	3	0	3
Shoemaker, 1b.....	3	0	8
Sweet, p.....	2	1	6
Sargent, c.....	2	0	2
Hellmore, cf.....	1	0	1
Quinn, p.....	3	0	1
Totals.....	26	1	24

U. S. M. C. 1-24 14 13
Batters..... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Pitching Staff..... 1 6 3 2 0 2 3 1
U. S. M. C. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0-1
Two base hits, Chisholm, Bruce, Three base hits, Chisholm, McDew, 3, Bruce, Sacrifice hits, McDew, Bennett, Sargent, Bidden bases, Barron 2, Bruce, Hanson, Stewart. First base on balls, off Stewart 3, off Sweet 3. Struck out, by Savage 3, by Stewart 6, by Sweet, by Spooner. Double plays, Bruce and Shoemaker. Wild pitch, Hanson. Threw ball, Galvin. Time, 2h 10m. Umpires Woods and Cragen.

Most of Patients Young Men Who Enlisted After War Was Declared.

KITTERY

Kittery, June 5.—The following telegram received by the selection of this town will be read with interest by all:

Washington, D. C.
To the Selection of Kittery, Me.
In honor of your Town the German ship President taken over by the United States government, and assigned to the navy has been renamed the Kittery.

JOS. DANIELS,
Secretary of the Navy.
4:52 p. m. June 4, 1917.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard C. Chick of North Kittery, very pleasantly observed the tenth anniversary of their marriage on Monday evening, by entertaining a number of their friends. Music for the occasion was furnished by Mrs. Alexander Dennett, piano, and Mrs. A. H. Wildes and Miss Louise Newton, mandolin; also music on a victrola was rendered by Dr. Ingels of Portsmouth. They were the recipients of many gifts in remembrance of the occasion from their friends, including a "tin shower," a casserole, a Japanese flower vase and a handsome bouquet of cut flowers from their guests. A light collation was served in the tea room, including salads, sandwiches, ice cream and assorted cake. The following were present: Mrs. T. J. Pettigrew, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Dennett, Mrs. A. H. Wildes, Dr. and Mrs. W. D. Ingels, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Kenick, Mr. and Mrs. George Pierce, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Halsey, Mr. and Mrs. Everett Pettigrew, Miss Louise Newton, Miss Elsie Ingels, Miss Ethel Fritsche, Miss Carrie Halsey, Messrs. Owen Pettigrew and Harry R. Cook.

Mrs. Joseph Picot of North Kittery is ill.

Walter Traction of Lynn, Mass., was here guest on Monday of his cousin, Mrs. Philip Emery of Government street.

Mrs. C. L. Stumow and aunt, Mrs. Helen Palmer, of Kittery Depot, are visiting in Boston.

Miss Gerlie O'Rear of Portland, deaconess of the North Kittery Methodist church, passed the week end as the guest of Mrs. Joseph Picot.

Mrs. Asher Damon, who has been ill at her home on Government street the past two weeks, is able to go out.

Mrs. William Burroughs of Government street has returned from a visit to Needham, Mass.

Mrs. T. J. Pettigrew, of North Kittery, who has been passing the winter with her daughter in Washington, D. C., has returned.

Leon Robbins of Love lane has been enjoying a few days' vacation from his duties at the navy yard.

The Ladies Aid of the Government

Street Methodist church will meet on Thursday afternoon with Mrs. William G. G. Kittery, Depot.

E. G. Parker, Post, G. A. R., will hold a regular monthly meeting on Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Everett Nicholson have returned from their wedding trip.

Constitution Lodge, No. 88, Knights of Pythias, will hold a regular meeting tonight at Odd Fellows' Hall.

Mrs. Olive Sherburne has returned to her home in North Berwick after passing two months with relatives here and at Portsmouth.

Mrs. J. Byron Phillips of Pleasant street, went to New York on Sunday to meet her sister, Mrs. A. Graham Hearne and little daughter Dorothy, who are returning from a visit to Virginia, where Paymaster Hearne has been stationed the past few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Poverty of Lynn, Mass., have been recent visitors in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Baker and children have returned from an extended visit to relatives in York.

The regular midweek prayer meeting will be held this evening at the Second Christian church. Rev. Carl L. Nichols will talk from the text, James 3:2, "If any man offend not in word, the same is a perfect man, and able also to bridle the whole body."

Dr. E. P. Hughes of the naval hospital has been transferred from this navy yard to Boston.

Clarence L. Moody of this town, now employed in Brooklyn, N. Y., was the first to take out registration papers from this town, having had his papers sent on from here by the authorities in charge.

Carl Meyers of Government street was a visitor in Dover on Monday evening.

A valuable French poodle belonging to Mrs. Stephen Wunder of Woodlawn avenue, was run over and killed on Monday near the Navy Yard station, an automobile bearing a Massachusetts license.

Miss Marion Smith of Portland, formerly of Kittery Depot, has been the recent guest of friends there.

Messrs. Karl Chick and Charles George of Kittery Depot, were visitors in Boston on Sunday.

Rev. E. H. Many of Ogunquit called on Mrs. John R. Wentworth and other friends on Monday.

1500 IN NORFOLK

NAVAL HOSPITAL

Most of Patients Young Men Who Enlisted After War Was Declared.

Norfolk, Va., June 5.—More than 1500 men are being treated at the Naval Hospital here for various diseases and ailments, government officials stated. Some have measles and flu and some have meningitis. Most of them are young men, enlisted since war was declared.

The hospital ship, Solace, landed several hundred at the hospital last month.

To make room for more patients, additions will be made to the hospital immediately, and the government has rented sixty beds in a Norfolk hospital.

GUARANTEED CHICKS

Single Comb R. I. Reds. These chicks are from a heavy laying strain. They are strong, healthy breeding stock which has the great advantage of free range. My machines are arranged and run in a scientific manner. I do not force the hatches or help the chicks from the shell. All these things tend to make strong, rugged chicks and I guarantee each and every one, and will replace or refund your money on all lost during the critical period.

LOUIS H. TRASK,
Jaffington St., Portsmouth, N. H.,
Telephone 1362.

Everybody's friend—Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil, the great household remedy for toothache, earache, sore throat, cuts, bruises, scalds. Sold at all drug stores. 25c and 50c.

Tailoring Service

that you will appreciate, is the kind I render.

I am interested in your clothes and ready to serve you from the moment you enter the store until you are willing to discard a suit.

My clothes not only fit correctly and look well when they are delivered, but they retain their shapely appearance.

Lasting satisfaction is assured when you patronize me.

Suits for Service,
From \$28 up.

The House of Service.

WOOD, The Tailor

Maker of Men's Clothes

PATRIOTIC FLAG PICTURE

A Two Dollar Picture for

98c.

Measures 19 inches by 22 inches. Framed in oak, and contains pictures of Presidents Wilson, Lincoln and Washington.

Get one while they can be had.

Portsmouth Furniture Co.

Car. Deer and Vaughan Sts., Near B. & M. R. R.

ICE CREAM

YOU CAN GIVE THE FAMILY A TREAT AT HOME BY ORDERING SOME OF OUR

DELICIOUS ICE CREAM

EITHER IN BULK OR BRICK. NO FINER QUALITY.

DORE CONFECTIONERY CO.

37 Congress St. Phone 1138-M.



Back Yard Farmers

Make 1917 a Garden Year.

At no time in many years has the importance and the necessity of the home garden been so great as this year. One-half of your living expenses should come out of your own lot. We have the necessary things for successful gardening.

Rakes, 25c to 75c; Trowels, 10c to 25c; Spading Forks, \$1 and \$1.50; Wheelbarrows; Steel Spades, 90c, \$1.00; Rubber Hose; Wood Lawn Rakes, 60c; Lawn Mowers; Poultry Netting; Grass Hooks.

A. P. WENDELL & CO.

ROOFING, TARRED PAPER

SHEATHING PAPER WALL BOARD

Reduced Prices on all Paper Products for next Ten Days.

Let us estimate the cost of your next work. Quality, Price, and Service must be right or no sale.

"GET OUR FIGURES FIRST."

LITTLEFIELD LUMBER CO.

63 Green St.

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

The knowledge of what the buyer expects has the effect of inspiring Dodge Brothers to a constant personal oversight of all manufacturing operations.

Their own life-long zeal for good workmanship is sharpened and stimulated by a realization of what the public expects from them.

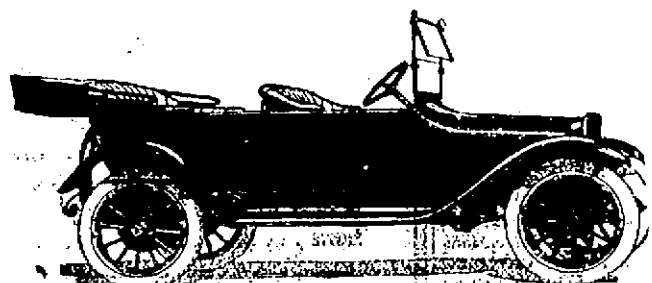
The entire institution is honestly permeated with the idea that quality and performance are paramount and all-important.

It will pay you to visit us and examine this car.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low.

The tire mileage is unusually high.

Touring Car or Roadster, \$835; Winter Touring Car or Roadster, \$1000; Sedan or Coupe, \$1266. (All prices f. o. b. Detroit)



Manchester Auto Garage Co.,

A. C. PURINGTON, Manager.

Portsmouth Branch, Church St. (Rear P. O.) Tel. 9.

STEPPED FROM CAR IN PATH OF AN AUTO

LEWIS JACOBS IS AT THE HOSPITAL WITH LEG BROKEN IN TWO PLACES AS RESULT OF CARELESSNESS

Lewis Jacobs, a barber at the Naval Hospital, sustained a compound fracture of the leg on Monday evening as the result of being struck by an automobile driven by John McDonald, of 65 Cass street at the corner of Cornhill and Islington streets. He was removed to the hospital in the auto and the fractures were reduced by Dr. E. J. Martin. No blame is attached to Mr. McDonald for the accident.

Jacobs, who resides on Islington street, was a passenger on the 10:35 trolley car from Market Square. As the car reached Cornhill street where he intended to alight, he stepped from the moving car without notifying the conductor to stop, directly into the path of the automobile which was moving in the same direction as the car. The auto struck him and threw him against the curb of the sidewalk, breaking his leg below the knee in two places.

The police were notified of the accident and the ambulance was ordered out but Mr. McDonald had already removed the injured man to the hospital before the patrol arrived on the scene. The police made no effort to hold McDonald as their inquiries satisfied them that he was blameless in the accident.

PARTIAL LISTS NOT AVAILABLE IN REGISTRATION

(By Associated Press)

Washington, June 4.—In striking contrast to the excitement which is general tonight in every town, city and hamlet in the country over the registration which begins in the morning is the quiet of the Provost Marshal General's office, the center of all the complex machinery which has the great task in hand. General Crowder and his assistants are resting tonight satisfied that their preliminary work is well done.

It was announced at the office this evening that no partial lists or figures would be available nor were registration officials to transmit any information as to the numbers registering until their figures were completed. This applies to semi-official reports to national or state officials, or by the provost officials to the city clerks or selectmen of towns. It was stated that there was no objection to newspapers publishing the complete returns from

any or all precincts, counties, towns, cities, or the state, as soon as the completed returns were ready, but that the partial lists, numbers registering up to a certain hour, and other incomplete information, was forbidden.

AUSTRIA WANTS TERRITORY FROM THE ITALIANS

(By Associated Press)

Copenhagen, June 4.—The London, June 5.—According to a dispatch from Vienna to the Vossische Zeitung the Austrian parliament will hold its most important session this week. The opinion of the people of Austria-Hungary in demanding the statement of the war aims of the dual monarchy may be announced and public opinion is strongly in favor of the views of Count Euzen, Foreign Minister.

These include the agreement of no annexation or indemnity as regards Russia although Austria will demand the holding of Serbia, under Austrian control, the mountain section of Montenegro, about Lovchen, the creation of a board to control Albania, and the extension of territory on the border at the expense of Italy.

The views of the Count also include the establishing of the Balkan Customs control, under Austria-Hungary, and the payment of a war indemnity by the other nations, excluding Russia, in payment of the costs of the war to reestablish the country on a firm economic basis.

APPEALS FOR REUNITING OF ALL CHINA

San Francisco, June 4.—Vice President Fong Kueik Chen of China handed his resignation to President Li Yuan Hing of China today it was announced in a cablegram to the Chinese World, a daily published in this city. The same cablegram carried the statement that the President had appealed to all factions of China to lay aside their differences and reunite as a nation, the President declaring that he would remain neutral in the internal differences.

BASE BALL

American League
Boston, 2, Cleveland 1.
New York 6, Detroit 5.
Chicago 4, Philadelphia 2.
Washington 7, St. Louis 4.
National League
Boston 5, Cincinnati 2.
Chicago 4, Brooklyn 2.
New York 5, St. Louis 3.
Pittsburgh 5, Philadelphia 1.

PROSPERITY FOR NATION IS CERTAIN

(By Associated Press)

New York, June 4.—Ten billion dollars to be spent during the coming year by the United States and the Allied governments for the products of American farms, mines and factories, Secretary McAdoo declared here tonight, will bring to the country the greatest prosperity in its history.

"Some people profess apprehension about the future of business," said Mr. McAdoo. "Why gentlemen, prosperity in the next twelve months will be greater than it ever has been in our history. You cannot prevent it if you try. The only thing that could stop prosperity would be the refusal of the people to support the reasonable measures of taxation that are needed, and to buy the bonds of the government."

The secretary addressed a great mass meeting at Carnegie Hall in behalf of the Liberty Loan which, he warned, would succeed as it must succeed only if every one did his duty. He appealed to those who cannot fight on the battlefield to supply the means that will enable the government to provide for the soldiers who go to the front.

"We have offered this great Liberty loan," he said. "What does it mean? It means that your government offers you a privilege. It asks you men and women not to give something to your government, but to buy the best investment on earth, the safest thing you can possibly possess, something that is as safe as currency and yet better than currency because currency does not bear interest while these bonds do bear interest at 3 1/2 per cent. It asks you to buy within your means in order that the government may be supplied with the money to properly equip our brave men who have to go upon the field of battle to protect your lives, your liberty, and your property. Millions of young Americans, with the fire of patriotism in their hearts, are going to respond to their country's call on June 5th. When they have been called, our duty is to see that they have everything that is necessary to make the most effective soldiers on earth."

"I hear some grumbling about taxation. Is it possible that in this rich country, when our sons are going to the front to give their lives for us, there should be any quibbling about the necessary taxation to take care of them upon the field of battle? While we must not be unfair to property, while we must be scrupulously just in the imposition of taxation and in the treatment of all the economic questions which arise, added importance during this time, property must bear its just share of the burden."

"If this war continues for another twelve months, it is probable that the total amount of financing that the government will have to do to cover its own expenditures and to extend the necessary credits to the Allied governments will amount to \$10,000,000,000. It is proposed that only 18 per cent of this colossal sum, namely, \$1,800,000,000 should be raised by new taxation. When one considers the magnitude of this task and the probable economic effects of the sale of \$8,200,000,000 of bonds within twelve months and the expenditure of the proceeds in the purchase of supplies in this country, it does not seem prudent or wise to provide by new taxation a less amount than \$1,800,000,000."

"There is always a serious danger of harmful inflation in war time when such great bond issues must be made. A reasonable amount of wholesome taxation, properly distributed, is the best corrective. The worst mistake made by the Federal government at the outbreak of the Civil War was its failure to impose taxation vigorously and sufficiently. This led to a train of evils, harmful to the credit of the government, and resulted in unnecessary sacrifices of human life and treasure."

"To me it is a sad spectacle to see committees of various kinds coming to Washington and urging congress that the particular interest they represent be relieved of taxation, when, at the same time, our gallant boys are walking uncomplainingly to the registration officers throughout the land, signifying their willingness to die, if need be, in their country's cause. You men and women who create public opinion in this country must make yourselves heard, and tell your representatives in Congress that you are unwilling to support any policy which is more considerate of the interests of property than it is of the lives of our brave and unselfish soldiers."

"We shall not fail if every one does his duty, but I warn you that these great things do not achieve themselves. They can only be achieved through the combined energy, determination and spirit of the American people. It is not enough of an answer to the challenge thrown down to us that we subscribe grudgingly or barely two million dollars of Liberty bonds. We must over-subscribe this loan. Our answer to the military outcries of the earth must be that the American people have billions to sacrifice in the cause of liberty and self-government throughout the world."

Mr. McAdoo said that whatever differences there may have been about the war before it happened and there were honest differences of opinion about it, the present is no time to discuss them or to think of them.

"Your representatives in the Congress of the United States, the men you sent there to speak for you, after having been informed by your president of the issues involved in this supreme contest in the world's history," he said, "declared, by practically unanimous vote, that the rights and liberties of the American people had

been put in jeopardy by the aggressions of foreign power."

"It makes no difference by what name that foreign power may be called. The fact that it has committed repeated aggressions upon American rights; that it has subjected this nation to indignities and wrongs which no self-respecting nation could afford to endure, that war has resulted, and that we are in it, means that every citizen, no matter what his birth or origin, owes fealty to the flag."

"I know how to sympathize with the men of German origin in this situation. I was born in the South in October 1863 in the latter part of the Civil war. My father fought on the Southern side some of his people fought on the Northern side. I know with what heart burnings, with what anguish, they had to face the issue of a divided country."

"There are times in the history of every nation when the hand of an unseen power directs things, when individuals are absolutely impotent to control the course of great events. This is one of those supreme crises. I believe that God has called this nation into this struggle because He had a mighty purpose to serve."

"Where there is democracy and self-government, nations cannot be hurled into war by the arbitrary will of any individual. We have lived here in the United States alongside Canada, which is practically a great republic because they have self-government, for more than one hundred years, and we have never had to patrol one foot of the three thousand miles of border with an armed soldier. Isn't that a striking example of what it means to have self-government among contiguous peoples?"

"The overshadowing danger to civilization today is the German military autocracy. The Kaiser, with a limitless and lustful ambition, unparalleled in history, has set out upon a scheme of universal domination. In order to win, he has determined that neither the laws of humanity nor the rights of any nation shall stand in the way; that is the reason he has committed these fearful, sufferable aggressions upon the American nation."

"Why is that we have not felt sooner the extent of this menace? It is because we have been lulled into a false sense of security by the three thousand miles of water between us and Europe. For a long time that was enough, but modern science and invention have narrowed the Atlantic to such an extent that it is little more today, as far as modern warfare is concerned, than a river."

"Do you know what would happen if Germany should be victorious, as she would be if she could bring France and England to their knees? She would take the entire British and French fleets, release her own 'great' fleet, which has been tied up in the Baltic during the war, and combining these with the most destructive submarine fleet on earth—because she has it—she would come here and put the iron heel of conqueror upon our shores. We should have to fall back to the interior and there is no telling how long it would take to expel the enemy. If we ever did, if we couldn't do it promptly, do you know what would happen to America? We should have to make the most humiliating terms that any great nation ever made to get peace. We should have to pay an indemnity that would represent probably half the wealth of America, which is \$250,000,000,000, and you would have taxation upon your shoulders to meet that indemnity for a century to come."

"The first thing we must do is raise the money to equip our armies and put them in the field and to extend credit to the great nations of Europe which are co-operating with us. We must give them credit to enable them to purchase here the necessary supplies and munitions of war, in order that they may make their soldiers most effective for battle. The more effective we make them, the more we enable them to fight and to fight hard, the more quickly this war will come to an end, and the less chance there will be that we shall have to send a great army of our own youth to Europe, and God knows we want to avoid that if we honorably can."

Girls! Use Lemons! Make a Bleaching, Beautifying Cream

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quart pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in. Then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, smoothener and beautifier. Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It naturally should help to soften, freshen, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is simply marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands.

CAPTIVES ARRIVE

New York, June 4.—Three officers from the German prize steamship Farn, interned at San Juan, Porto Rico, and taken over by the United States in April, arrived here today on a Porto Rico steamship as prisoners.



Too much rain is ruinous —and so is too little

ET rain is necessary for all vegetable and animal life. Moderate rainfall at regular intervals is the ideal condition. Extremes of every kind always go wrong. Justice and Right are in the balancing of forces. Thus it is with Prohibition; being an extreme, it is unjust, dictatorial and un-American.

For 60 years we have honestly brewed BUDWEISER—the drink of moderation. It is a mild brew of the finest Barley Malt grown in America, and the rarest Saazer Hops grown in old Bohemia. When used within reason, it awakens kindly fellowship, and is as wholesome and healthful as its flavor is distinctive and delicious—ever and always the same good old BUDWEISER.

Visitors to St. Louis are courteously invited to inspect our place. ANHEUSER-BUSCH, ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

William McGinnis, Distributor
26 Bow St., Portsmouth, N. H.

Budweiser Means Moderation



HOPES FOR NEW BATTLE OF JUTLAND

London, June 4.—Vice Admiral William S. Sims, U. S. N., was the recipient of a most enthusiastic greeting when he arose to speak yesterday at the great religious thanksgiving service held in the opera house in Kingston to commemorate the battle of Jutland.

Admiral Sims said he was glad of the opportunity in behalf of the American navy to express profound admiration for the British heroes who had so gloriously given their lives in that battle, and to voice the sympathy of the American navy and the American people who realize that the blood shed on that day was shed for the cause of freedom throughout the whole world.

What those men died for, continued the admiral, was perhaps not at first understood in America, but it was now, and there was the pronouncement of President Wilson to show that the U. S. was prepared to go to any lengths in the fight for liberty and for freedom.

Referring to what he characterized as his perhaps undiplomatic speech in the Long Guildhall on the occasion of his visit of the American fleet in 1910 when he said that every ship, every dollar and every drop of America could be counted on by England if she was ever menaced by a combination of nations, Admiral Sims continued:

"Today that the prophecy is being realized and I trust that if another battle of Jutland occurs the American navy will prove itself equal to the glorious traditions of the British navy."

KISS FLAG AND DODGE FLOODING

Detroit, Mich., June 4.—Following a hearing before the "Kangaroo court" composed of prisoners in the Wayne county jail—six men, held for anti-draft activities, chose to kiss the flag and sing the "Star Spangled Banner" rather than endure a thrashing with a

RUSH WEDDINGS TO ESCAPE THE WAR DRAFT ACT

(By Associated Press)

New York, June 4.—On the eve of Registration Day hundreds of men and women gathered in the municipal building to obtain marriage licenses. City officials in charge of the license bureau declared the majority of the prospective grooms were taking wives in the hope they would be exempted from the draft which is to follow. This is concluded from the ages of the men in applying for their licenses.

Carpet Sweepers And Vacuum Cleaners

This is house cleaning time, and one of the most necessary articles for this purpose is a Carpet Sweeper or Vacuum Cleaner. Below we mention a few of the many kinds.

NOTE PRICES

Bissell's Universal "Cyclo" Bearing	\$2.75
Bissell's Grand Rapids, "Cyclo" Ball Bearing	\$3.00
Bissell's American Queen, "Cyclo" Ball Bearing	\$4.00
Bissell's Princess, "Cyclo" Ball Bearing	\$3.75
Bissell's Elite, "Cyclo" Ball Bearing	\$4.25
Domestic Vacuum Cleaner Model	\$6.00
Domestic Vacuum Cleaner Model	\$7.50
Regina Pneumatic Cleaner	\$10.50

We Also Have Vacuum Cleaners to Rent

THE SWEETSER STORE

Mail and Phone Orders Promptly Attended To

AT THE HARDWARE STORE OPP. POSTOFFICE
LAWN MOWERS WOOD LAWN RAKES
A Special Garden Hoe for Light Work,
Rubber Hose, Cemetery Vase.
E. C. Matthews Hardware and Paint Co.,
Tel. 179. 41 Pleasant Street.

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FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS
TELEPHONES:
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Portsmouth, N. H., Tuesday, June 5, 1917.

The Time to Keep Cool.

These are troublous times and it is not strange that the unthinking should become excited and hysterical, but government officials and leaders of public thought and opinion should studiously guard against statements of a character to inflame the imagination and make matters worse than they are.

Carl Vrooman, assistant secretary of the department of agriculture, in an address at New York the other day made a most alarming presentation of the food outlook. "Famine," he said, "is lurking over the skylines of every European country. If we do not keep it out it will not be kept out. There is a world shortage of food. Our crops are the only thing that stand between mankind and starvation during the months to come. It is not humanly possible to overstate the seriousness of the food shortage the world is faced with at present."

Everybody knows the conditions are bad enough and that there is need of the efforts being put forth to increase the productions of the soil this year, as is being so nobly done from one end of the country to the other.

But, after all, there is no cause for panic. Herbert C. Hoover, the government official who is to have charge of food conditions, gave his views on the situation a short time ago. He is much less excited than Mr. Vrooman appears to be, and what he had to say is worthy of attention. Among other things he said: "There is absolutely no occasion for a food panic in this country nor any justification for the outrageous prices that prevail. America's problem is not one of famine, for we have now, and will have next year, a large surplus. Our problem is, after the proper protection of our own people, to give to our allies the last ounce of surplus of which we are capable." Mr. Hoover added that there is a surplus of between 50,000,000 and 70,000,000 bushels of wheat in the country today beyond our ordinary consumption and beyond the needs of the allies before the next harvest comes in, and he believes that if speculation and hoarding are stopped there will be no serious trouble.

This is a good time to keep cool. There is trouble enough and it is bad enough, but the danger of starvation, here or elsewhere, is not so imminent as some would have us believe. It is well that the soil should be made to do its best, and this is being done in a manner highly creditable to all. The situation will not be helped by alarming statements and predictions, and the fewer of these that are put forth the better will it be for all concerned.

The business and professional men of Portsmouth are not backward about coming forward when there is any good work to be done. The raising of \$3,000 in one evening for support of the war department work of the Y. M. C. A., as was done recently, speaks well for the public spirit, generosity and patriotism of the leading citizens of the city.

It is about time for those who are shouting for economy and to "keep business going" to get together. Just now the country is being flooded with such incongruous advice that those who are in the habit of doing their own thinking are at a loss to know what to do.

Some people are asking why motorcycles should not be subjected to speed limit and muffler cut-out rules the same as automobiles. And the inquiry is warranted. Not the least of the terrors of the road in this speedy and progressive age is the motorcycle.

A Columbia University professor assures the country that American scientists will find a way for subduing the submarines, and they probably will. But some of them will be men who understand the science of pointing a big gun straight.

At a recent meeting of socialists in New York resolutions were passed calling on the government to announce its aims in this war. But these aims are pretty generally understood by the great majority of the American people.

Villa is again busy and the border is being patrolled by United States troops. This is very "small potatoes" in comparison with what is going on across the water, but the patch needs watching just the same.

Boston is complaining of a scarcity of fishermen. But there is no scarcity of them along the trout brooks. And yet it may be said that the trout brooks don't do a great deal toward feeding the country.

Chairman Dent of the Federal Shipping Board didn't even make a dent in the Goethals program, and the hero of the Panama canal will attend to the ship building duties mapped out for him by Uncle Sam.

Taxes on tea, coffee, sugar, etc., as proposed, will seem strange for a time. Apparently everybody is going to be enabled to do his "bit" in one way or another.

From the Exchanges

Unshackled and Unsound

(From the Nashua Telegraph)

In commenting upon the amendment to the espionage bill to muzzle the press—namely killed in the house, Senator Reed, Democrat, of Missouri, says:

"America should take part in this war unshackled, unshackled and unbound. The government of the United States can trust the people of the United States, and the press of the United States is the voice of the people of America."

This statement finds an echo in the heart of every loyal American. Never in any way in which this country has been engaged has there been such unanimity of support of the administration whose duty it is to prosecute the war, as in this time against the bar-barians of Germany. Republicans have sided with Democrats and even surpassed them in voting to confer extraordinary power upon the President. The universal desire is to have the war prosecuted vigorously and successfully. The press of the country has been most servicable to this end. It has exposed or passed over lightly the mistakes of the department heads at Washington in its desire speedily to prepare the United States for the great conflict in which it is engaged.

Speaking the feelings of the people of the country the newspapers ask for efficiency at Washington. If cabinet officers and their subordinates are not fitted for their jobs in time of war they should give way to those who are. The only way the people can know that they are wisely served by those in authority is through their daily and weekly newspapers. To muzzle these newspapers in their comment on public servants is to thwart, not help, the vigorous prosecution of the war. It is more helpful to the enemy to keep incompetent in power than to comment on their blunders and thereby secure their removal.

Every government of the allies has changed its directing heads since the war began because administrators who could plug along in times of peace proved to be unequal to the tasks of war. Lincoln, who was the most patient of Presidents, had to keep trying until he found the right men to do the work in hand. The press of the country was left free in his day to comment upon the conduct of the war, except where, in cases, it preached sympathy with the enemy. The press of the country can be trusted today.

It is the press that has preached preparedness for a war that was inevitable, while the administration at Washington dallied. It is the press that now is stimulating patriotism that was lulled to slumber by such official preachers as the "war in Europe was no concern of ours," and that we were "too proud to fight." It is the press that will hearten the country when disasters come, as they are sure to come whether from incompetence or as the result of the vicissitudes of war. The press, therefore, can do its full duty to the people only by being untrammelled, unshackled, and unbound. In its comments upon the conduct of the war, the administration has wasted enough of the time of Congress trying to muzzle the newspapers of the country.

Getting Away from the War

(From the Chicago Tribune)

A circular sent out by a summer resort is entitled "Come to— and get away from the war and worry." Except for those who can shut their eyes and close their ears it may be assumed that this resort cannot fill the bill; even if one traveled into the most distant and secluded localities it would be hard to escape the reverberations of reading the war bulletins in Tibet and this war's alarms. They are probably Tahiti as well as in Wisconsin and Illinois.

The instinct to get away from the war is the instinct that in peace times tries to hide from the responsibilities of life. Stevenson said it was amazing that any one should inaugurate any enterprise of greater moment than writing a postcard considering the uncertainties of this existence. For the fearful and hesitant temperament war must seem to add a hundredfold to life's terror and confusion.

But for the brave spirit war may have something like the opposite effect. For a multitude of petty uncertainties it substitutes one big uncertainty. In place of the countless distracting demands of peace it makes the one demand of service at a sacrifice. A man isn't going to worry about his digestion or his immortal soul while his house is burning down.

There is only one legitimate excuse for any of us to get away from this war, and that is to get in time to fight all the harder. It applies equally to the man in the trenches and the man in the office or factory. The most effective way to get away from the war is to win it.

EXHIBITION SHOOT AT EXETER

The Exeter, N. H., Gun Club invites all those of Portsmouth and vicinity who are interested in trap shooting to attend an exhibition shoot at the club grounds, Hampton Road, at 2 p. m., on Monday, June 11. Mr. and Mrs. Topperly, expert shots, will give an exhibition of fancy shooting with rifle, pistol and revolver. Mrs. Topperly recently broke 155x2000 clay pigeons in a single day. In addition there will be a regular shoot for members and guests.

WALTER B. FARMER, President.

FOR SALE—Two good sound horses, 3 and 2 years old, 3100 pounds. Also harnesses and double cart. Apply Antonio Cardillo, R. F. D. No. 2, Cable road, Rye.

OFFICIAL SECRET OF WAR LIFTING TO AVERT ALARMS

Washington, June 4.—When the senate and house conference on the Espionage bill met on Monday they formally eliminated the censorship section and reported the measure without it for final passage.

The controversy over the measure has had a strong influence on the attitude of officials toward the publication of war news. An instance of this was a statement today by Secretary of the Navy Daniels, indicating a more candid attitude on the part of some departments of the government.

In announcing that the government would notify the newspapers of the closing of ports, the naval secretary instanced the decision of the government to prevent the circulation of the alarming reports which tend not only to inflame the public mind but improperly to influence speculation.

The secretary's statement referring to the temporary closing of the port of New York on Friday is as follows: "The reason for this closure cannot often be given, but in a general way the newspapers and the public are aware that ports are closed chiefly for such reasons as laying of new mine fields or the shifting of existing fields, the sweeping of channels for possible mines laid by the enemy or for the direction of flow of shipping to other ports."

Another result of the Espionage bill has been a revival of the agitation in favor of a coalition cabinet during the war. This appears to be partly due to political causes, but mainly to the interpretation most generally placed on the censorship feature. Republican leaders declaring that the war programme of the Democratic administration has been saved from defeat by Republican votes, assert that the party is entitled to participate in the active management of the government during the war.

They contend that the country would be in a better position to carry on the war if party lines were obliterated by the formation of a cabinet not entirely composed of members of the President's own political party. This theory, while endorsed by professional Republicans who are not above the suspicion of being influenced by practical considerations is not generally favored by members of that party in the two houses of congress.

AWARDS \$250 PRIZE FOR THIS WAR POEM

National Arts Club Jury Selects D. M. Henderson's "The Road to France"

Daniel M. Henderson of Baltimore was awarded the \$250 prize offered by the National Arts club for his poem entitled "The Road to France." Mr. Henderson was born of Scottish parents and has been a liberal contributor of verse to the newspapers and magazines. At present he is living at South Orange, N. J. His poem follows:

Thank God for our liberating lance
Goes flailing on the way to France!
To France—the trail the Guekhas found!

To France—old England's rallying ground!

To France—the path the Russian's strode!

To France—the Anzacs' glory road!

To France—where our Lost Legion ran.

To fight and die for God and man!

To France—with every race and breed
That hates Oppression's brutal creed!

Ah, France—how could our hearts forget

The path by which came Lafayette?

How could the haze of doubt hang low

Upon the road of Rochambeau?

How was it that we missed the way
Brave Joffre leads us along today?

At last, thank God! At last we see
There is no trilateral Liberty!

No beacon lighting just our shores!
No freedom guarding but our doors!

The flame she kindled for our shires
Burns now in Europe's battle fires!

The soul that led our fathers west
Turns back to free the world's oppressed!

Allies you have not called in vain!
We share your conflict and your pain!

"Old Glory," through new stars and rents,
Partakes of freedom's sacraments!

Into that hell his will creates
We drive the foe; his lusts, his hates!

Last come, we will be last to stay—
Till Right has had her crowning day!

Replenish, comrades, from our veins
The blood the sword of despot drains.

And make our eager sacrifice
Part of the freely rendered price

You pay to lift humanity—
You pay to make our brothers free!

See, with what proud hearts we advance—
To France!

In the competition for the valor medal the jury chosen by the National Arts club, and consisting of J. Alden Weir, Douglas Volk, Gardner Symons, J. Massey Rhind, John Flannagan and Chester Beach, selected two designs, one by Allan G. Newmen and the other by Emil Stehr. The sculptors were asked to complete their models on or before June 29 when the jury will award the first prize of \$500 and the second of \$150 which is offered by the National Defense Committee.

SOUSA STARTS TO FORM FOUR BIG NAVY BANDS

Washington, June 5.—John Philip Sousa, the composer, has been enrolled as a lieutenant in the naval reserves corps and will organize and train bands for the navy. For several days

he has been working at the Great Lakes training station. From there he went to New York to arouse interest among publishers and musicians, and proposes to obtain a curriculum of music for the bandmen of the navy. His first task will be the organization of four big bands.

Though Sousa has been heard all over the United States, as well as in Europe, half of his life has been spent in the navy. His enlistment papers in the archives of the marine corps show that he enlisted first as a marine apprentice, with the idea of becoming a bugler or drummer boy, when he was 13 years old. He joined the marine barracks in Washington, by consent of his parents, whose names are signed to his first papers, on June 9, 1868. He was then described as "four feet nine inches high, black eyes and black hair."

His first enlistment was for the term of his minority and thereafter he re-enlisted at five-year intervals until he gave up the leadership of the Marine band in 1892. He showed a marked taste and talent for music in his boyhood, and developed into a famous bandmaster. The stirring marches he composed are played by the military bands all over the world.

UNITED STATES MAY CALL WARSHIPS FROM PACIFIC

Washington, June 4th.—Both the Japanese and American governments are contemplating negotiations for the withdrawal of American naval vessels from the Orient and the assumption by Japan of the important task of policing all Far Eastern waters.

Japan is actively associated with the allies in conducting naval operations. Her chief spheres of activity are the Indian ocean and the Pacific, although she has some destroyers co-operating with the Anglo-French-Italian navies in combating the submarines in the Mediterranean. It was not considered likely that in collaborating with the United States, Japan intended to extend her naval operations further east in the Pacific than the islands she captured from Germany.

Read the Want Ads.

TO ROUT THE SEEKERS OF FREE PUBLICITY

(By Associated Press)

St. Louis, Mo., June 5.—Newspapers were urged by Louis Wiley, business manager of the New York Times in an address he delivered before the annual convention of the Associated Advertising clubs of the world here today to follow the advice of President Wilson in calling for registration for universal military service, and to "draw close in one compact front against the common foe." This foe to the prosperity of newspapers, Mr. Wiley pointed out, as a seeker of free publicity. To cut this enemy of publishers, Mr. Wiley said there was needed not only determination but a united front. It could not be achieved if each publisher pursued a private purpose.

Free publicity, he declared, is illegal, forbidden by a United States statute which requires that reading matter for which money is paid shall be plainly marked as an advertisement. Besides, he declared, it was a deception upon the readers of the newspaper.

"Every newspaper reader," he continued "has a right to expect that the articles printed in the news columns shall be generally news. The printing of advertisements, puff, statements which are not news under the guise of news, unless they are labeled as advertisements, as required by law, is deceit. Newspapers which practice this position of this kind always are punished. Both advertisers and readers use confidence in and gradually desert a publication of this kind."

"In almost every sphere of activity there is a press agent whose duty it is to take the newspaper managers unaware. Advertising is disguised as news to trap to gullible editor."

"The best rule for an editor is to treat news as news. If a thing has news value it should be printed, whether or not it helps the advertiser. The mere fact that an advertiser has some connection with the news should not under its publication."

There were cases, said Mr. Wiley, in which advertisers had threatened to withhold paid advertising unless free publicity was given. Weak minded publishers had submitted to this sort

of "blackmail," but, he added, "no self respecting newspaperman will allow an advertiser to dictate what he shall or shall not print and he certainly will defy any impudent individual who threatens the loss of patronage unless favors are granted."

"The public," Mr. Wiley said, has no use for the paid write-up, and less respect for the newspaper that publishes it and misguided publisher who prostitutes his news columns to secure advertising, constantly finds himself in hot water."

The American Newspaper Publishers association, said Mr. Wiley is conducting a campaign against the "male-factors of great and devious industry among the advertising agents who try to utilize the news columns for free advertising." The bureau of advertising of that association had found that the giving of free publicity is a menace to the further development of advertising. "The fact that so many publishers are still giving away their news space to matters that should be exploited through paid advertising has hampered the bureau in its work of developing newspaper advertising," he asserted.

"The committee in Charge of the Bureau of Advertising suggested the adoption of a plan to bring about agreements between publishers in all cities putting up the bars against free publicity. Community agreements of this sort seem advisable. Every one admits that in this respect it is time that the newspapers reform themselves."

TO LET—Furnished rooms. Modern improvements, good location, one room suitable for two persons \$3.00, one room \$2.00, one room for single man, \$1.50. Address "G," this office.

hc, js, tr

TO LET—3 rooms for light house-keeping. Mrs. Hanley, cor. Washington and State streets.

hc, lw, js

Ask for The Herald when you want the news.

A LOAN OF THE PEOPLE, BY THE PEOPLE, AND FOR THE PEOPLE

Placed in your hands is an opportunity to give life to your belief in the right of men and of nations to lead free and peaceful lives.

Your country offers you a part in aiding in the greatest struggle for liberty that the world has ever known. If you buy a Liberty Loan Bond you will be aiding just as surely as if you carried the colors of the United States.

IF YOU ARE NOT ABLE TO SUBSCRIBE FOR A LARGE AMOUNT, YOU CAN BUY A \$50 BOND.

Payments may be made in INSTALLMENTS.

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NEW HAMPSHIRE COLLEGE NOTES

New Hampshire College, Durham, June 4.—The class day exercises very much curtailed came into this afternoon, the second day of the commencement period. Miss Goldie Busch of Ashuelot gave the Ivy Oration when the class planted its Ivy on the south wall of Thompson Hall. This was the only portion of the class program that this year shortened commencement program permitted. In addition however, the class presented to the college a portrait of President D. T. Fairchild.

In spite of the fact that many are absent on account of the war, a good many alumni are in town and there was much enthusiasm this morning at a faculty-senior class baseball game, the score of which sounds like elections returns. This evening a large crowd saw the performance of Midsummer Night's Dream on the lawn in front of Morrill Hall. The place is particularly suited for out-of-door performances with its small grass and heavy background of dark trees, and the electrical department had filled up the stage with footlights and other necessary equipment. The play was given by the girls' glee club of which Miss Julia Roberts is the leader and the text was set to make room for a series of musical numbers. The Mendelssohn music was used. Miss Roberts, leader of the club was Hermina and Marjorie Boomer of Dover was the Egeus. An attractive feature was a group of fairies. The cast included Theodosius, Louis Burper '17, Egeus, Marjorie Boomer, special Lyssander, Mary Worrier '17, Demetrius, Lucille Gove '18, Philostrate, Martha Holt '17, Quince, carpenter, Charles Shannon '18, Bottom, Caroline Perkins '19, Puck, Lucie Jones '20, Snout, Priscilla Norris '20, Snug Goldie Busch '17, Hippolyta, Sam Greenfield '19, Helena, Irene Huse '18, Hermina, Julia Roberts '17, Oberon Helen Weston '17, Titania, Marion Chase '17, Puck, Mary Bailey '20, Pencilblossom, Cobweb, Mith, Mustard-Seed, Florence Kelley '20, Verina Hardy '17, Henrietta Nuld '17, Dorothy Hanson '19, Soldiers Amazons, Fairies, Lords, Ladies, Trumpeter, Indian Boy.

Yesterday morning the Reverend Vaughan Dabney of the Congregational church, Durham delivered the Baccalaureate sermon at the college gymnasium to the senior class and a large congregation of faculty, alumni and townspeople. Mr. Dabney took as his text Matthew 9:37, "The harvest truly is plentiful, but the laborers are few." His subject was the Pastorate Few and he invited the members of the graduating class, or rather pointed out to their their opportunity to be part of the Pastorate Few who are to accomplish things in the immediate future. He pointed out the tremendous opportunities in the world today especially in America. He cited instance after instance of individuals who have fought the good fight alone against apparently overwhelming odds and who have finally emerged victorious. He concluded by reading a portion of Bowland Hill's The Reformer. The music at the baccalaureate service included instrumental selections by L. H. Hoffman, R. J. Ewart and C. A. Garabedian, the members of the instrumental trio and singing by Miss Marjorie B. Boomer.

Tomorrow at 10:30, alumni, faculty and seniors will march from Thompson Hall to the Gym where the commencement exercises will be held. The address will be given by Prof. Albert B. Hart of Harvard.

GUNNERS TO TELL ABOUT SHIP ACCIDENTS

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, June 4.—Secretary Daniels today presented for the observation of the senate committee on naval affairs the piece of brass cup that killed one of the Red Cross nurses on the steamship Mongolia on her way to Europe.

Pulling the twisted sheet of copper from his pocket, Secretary Daniels, the first witness to appear in the investigation of the accident before the senate committee said:

"This was removed from the heart of one of the nurses."

He then presented Admiral Barle, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance of the navy and explained that he would be able to give the committee the facts.

The deaths of the two nurses, Admiral Barle declared, was caused by a rebound of a copper cup used with the shell to keep the powder dry.

Continuing, he said the accident on the Mongolia was the fifth that had occurred on armed ships. Two shells on the St. Louis, one on the Philadelphia and one on the first trip of the Mongolia had exploded prematurely. After a preliminary investigation it was decided that the copper cup was the cause. A test at the proving ground at Indian Head this week resulted in our similar explosions. The copper cup has been abandoned and a wooden disc used in its place.

"We will not see any more copper cups," said the Rear Admiral. "The Germans and English use zinc cups. We now use wood which keeps out moisture long enough to protect the powder on a month's trip. We are testing cork for the same purpose." He told there are 92 6-inch guns in use on merchant ships.

Senator Goldwater requested the committee to summon P. A. S. Franklin, president of the International Maritime Marine, and the officers and men of the gun crews on the St. Louis and Mongolia. He asked that the names of the gunners and the dates of their enlistment be put in the committee's record.

Secretary Daniels explained he had kept the names of the gun crews on the merchant ships secret; he does not object to giving them out after the men return to this country, and he is willing for them to testify.

The officer in charge of the guns on the St. Louis when the shells exploded prematurely was Lieut. H. E. Snaupp, and on the Mongolia when the nurses were killed Lieut. H. Philip Seymour.

The hearing will be resumed next week.

EXETER

Exeter, June 5.—The case of Corn P. Palmer of Raymond and Dora P. Priest of Manchester against the Boston and Maine railroad which was an action to recover for damages for alleged negligence in setting a fire and burning a valuable tract of woodland at Raymond which went on trial last Thursday in superior court, went to the jury at 12:30 yesterday. At 5:30 a verdict of \$300 for the plaintiff was returned.

The foreman of the jury was George V. Munsey of Hampton, and the counsel were Attorney-General James P. Tuttle of Manchester for the plaintiffs, and George T. Hughes of Dover and Albert B. Hatch of Portsmouth for the defense, the arguments being made by General Tuttle and Mr. Hughes at the morning session.

The case was a long drawn out one, many witnesses being on the stand during the three days.

Yesterday afternoon the docket was called and also the criminal docket, all being defaulted in several cases. Everett Marston of West Kingston was given a suspended sentence of one year in jail and ordered to pay costs of \$13.31 for an assault committed in that town. He was represented by Attorney Stewart E. Rowe, and the state by Attorney-General Tuttle who recommended that the court impose a suspended sentence. The case was an appeal from the Portsmouth police court.

Funeral services of Fred Barlow, the unfortunate employee of the New England Telephone company, who met his death by accident while at work on a pole in Newmarket last week, were held at Christ church and were conducted by the rector, Rev. Victor M. Haughton. The hearers were all fellow workmen, Charles and Harvey Rand, James Irvine and George Derr-

born. Many of the officers of the company paid their respects and floral tributes were many.

The funeral services of Mrs. Johanna Cahill, wife of Dennis Cahill, were held yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Michael's church conducted by Rev. Michael R. Griffin, curate. They were in charge of Undertaker O. A. Plouffe.

Provisional for registration today have been completed, the place being at the town hall from 7 in the morning to 9 in the evening. During the last week Clerk of Court Charles H. Knight has been overrun by applicants for cards for registration in other places, coming from all parts of the country. Many have already obtained them and forwarded their registration to their home towns.

Gilman Grange last evening observed Children's night, it being an open meeting. The committee in charge being Mrs. Gladys C. Rowe and Mrs. Alice E. Ross. The grange children met in Smith hall at 6 o'clock and an entertainment was held at 8.

The Exeter Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution met last evening with Mrs. Edmund H. Westworth on Lincoln street. A silver offering was taken for the Red Cross.

Sugamore lodge, I. O. T. F., has subscribed funds for laying a hard wood floor in its new rooms in the Burlingame block which has recently been purchased by the order.

NAVY NOTES

New Names for German Ships. Secretary Daniels announced on Monday that the names of the seized German ships assigned to the navy here have been changed as follows: Geier to Schurz, Breslau to Bridgeport, Kiel to Camden, Leibniz to Houston, Saxonia to Savannah, Voegen to Quincy, Nicaria to Pensacola, Olenwald to Newport News, Hohenfels to Long Beach, Frieda Leonhardt to Astoria, Andromeda to Bath, Rudolf Blumberg to Beaufort, President to Kittery, Locksun to Gulfport.

Left Monday. Lieut. Comdr. D. T. Ghent left on Monday for his new duty at sea.

Improving the Plant. Metal Expert Thomas F. Durning is engaged in making several new improvements in the navy yard smelting plant.

Took Last Two Hours. A large number of the local yard employees of military age took the last two hours of the afternoon to file registration allowed by the department.

Mental Examination Thursday. The mental examination for candidates for appointment as assistant paymaster in the naval reserves will take place on Thursday morning at 8 o'clock.

Marine Guard Under Orders. A detachment of marines from the navy yard barracks were ordered away to another field of duty this morning. About 25 were in the squad.

FIRST CIRCUS IS BOOKED FOR JULY 3

On Tuesday Ralph Donnettel, general advance representative of the Sparks Shows, was in town making contracts and paying the way for the coming of the big circus. Immense quantities of provisions of all kinds will be contracted for from our local merchants, and the grounds known as Deanell street grounds, was leased for Tuesday, July 3, which is the date the big show will exhibit here.

From now until show day hardly a day will pass but what one or more agents of the circus will be in town looking after details, promoting public interest and thoroughly advertising the surrounding country. This circus employs over 50 people in the department of publicity alone.

Ralph Donnettel, who is a very genial gentleman, has in his possession many newspaper criticisms of the show and they all speak in glowing terms of this excellent entertainment given and the honorable methods employed by the show management in doing business with the public—no gambling or short change artists being allowed among its employees.

Our people will undoubtedly turn out en masse if the weather is at all favorable.

A MILLION HORSES LOST IN FIRST YEAR OF THE WAR

(By Associated Press)

Paris, June 5.—A census of livestock taken at the end of the year and just published in the Journal Officiel, shows that in spite of the requirements of the army amounting to 30,000 head of cattle a month, France has lost only about 2,500,000 head from a total of 14,787, 710 head existing at the end of 1913. This loss of 15 per cent in the total includes cows and calves as well as beef cattle.

"The recently decreed restriction of beef consumption to one meal a day, at noon which has been accepted with

very good grace by the public generally, has already shown its effects. Butchers say their sales have diminished more than 15 per cent already. If this rate of economy is maintained a further diminution of livestock will be prevented and a brief prohibition of the slaughter of calves for veal would restore it to the figures of 1913.

A sixty per cent decrease in the wholesale prices of meat at the Central markets is attributed in part to the new regime. Retail prices, however, have not declined in anything like the same ratio.

KITTERY POINT

Kittery Point, Me., June 5.—The wedding of Miss Francis Anderson Emery, daughter of Mrs. N. E. Emery of this place and Asa Hugh Boyer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac M. Boyer of Harper's Ferry, West Virginia, took place on Monday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at the First Christian church. Rev. Winifred Coffin pastor of the church and of which the bride is a member, performed the ceremony and it included the double ring service. The altar was decorated with evergreen boughs banked with apple blossoms. As the bride party entered the church, the bride march from Lohengren was rendered by Miss Frieda Emery. The bride was most becomingly gowned in white silk crepe with lace trimmings. Her veil was caught with lilies of the valley and she carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses, lilies of the valley and maiden hair ferns. The white ribbon streamers were tied with white pan-pies. She was attended by her niece Miss Nellie Lewis who was attired in light blue rosetta silk with lace trimmings, with picture hat of white tulle and pink ribbon. Her bouquet was pink Kilmarnock roses and ferns. The best man was Charles Lewis, nephew of the bride. The bride was given in marriage by her brother, Elmer Emery. The ushers were Joseph Emery and Willard Emery. At the conclusion of the impressive ceremony the newly wedded couple held a reception at the home of the bride's mother and there they received the hearty congratulations and best wishes for their future happiness. Refreshments of cake and harlequin ice cream and fruit punch were served in the dining room. Mr. and Mrs. Boyer left on an evening train for Boston and today left for Harper's Ferry, West Virginia, and will pass some time at the home of the groom's parents there. The bride's traveling suit was of navy blue with hat to match, trimmed with pink rose buds. The bride bouquet was not thrown among the guests as is the usual custom, but was taken apart by the bride, each friend receiving a flower. The bride is a graduate of Tripp Academy. The groom is employed at Springfield, Mass. They both have the esteem of all their acquaintances who wish them much happiness. A choice display of wedding gifts attested to the love of many friends. Among the out of town guests present were Mr. Isaac M. Boyer of West Virginia, father of the groom; Mrs. Geo. Howard and son, Miss Eva Ryder Charles Ryder of Nantucket, Mass, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Nevins and son, Mr. and Mrs. Warren B. Packard of Blackton, Mass., Mrs. Thomas Compton Walsh of Cambridge, Mass., Fred Boyer of Boston, Mr. Samuel Furbush of Malson of Manchester, N. H., Mrs. L. T. Barney of Waverly, Mass., Miss Elsie Blaisdell, Miss Ida Blaisdell, Mr. and Mrs. Orel Dexter of Portsmouth, Mrs. Annie Ruff of Elliot, Miss Gertrude Long and Miss Carrie Follansbee of Portsmouth.

The regular Tuesday evening prayer services in all of the churches will be held at the usual time this evening. The Ladies' Aid of the First Christian church will meet on Thursday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Willard Emery of Tenney's hill.

The Kittery Point Fire Company held its regular monthly meeting at the fire house last evening.

Harry Drew of Portsmouth is visiting his brother Clarence Drew and Mrs. Drew for a few days.

Miss Marian Baker of Boston is passing a few days in town with friends.

S. Elery Jenkinson of Boston has returned after passing a few days in town.

Miss Francis Goodwin and Mrs. A. P. Mayo of Jamaica Plain, Mass., arrived today and have opened the Goodwin residence on Gerrish Island for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Havener of Boston called on J. A. Havener and family on Monday on their way to Rock-

den, Mass. Mrs. Nelson Webber and port, Me., where they will pass the summer.

Mrs. Thurston Patch is visiting friends in Boston for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hart, Madam Hart and attendant, Mrs. Carroll Osgood of Cambridge, Mass., have arrived and will pass the summer at their cottage on Keene's Lane.

Herbert Blake is enjoying a vacation from his work at the navy yard.

The Ladies' Aid of the Baptist church will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Wilton Bray.

HAMPTON

Hampton, June 5.—At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Wood occurred the marriage of their daughter, Minnie Elizabeth Arnold, to Roscoe Palmer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Palmer. The bride entered the room with her stepfather, Mr. Roy Wood, preceded by the maid of honor Miss Bernice Searle of Lynn, Mass., cousin of the bride. The best man was Charles

GREAT MARK DOWN

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Suits, Coats, Dresses and Skirts

One Lot of Suits values up to \$20 at \$10

Special to wprices on white dresses for misses, juniors and children.

New summer wash dresses and skirts just received at money saving prices.

The Siegel Store Co.,

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THE STORE OF QUALITY FOR THE PEOPLE.

Palmer. They were married by Rev. Wallace H. Stearns. A reception followed. Ice cream cake and punch were served. The bride wore a net dress, the veil being draped with lilies of the valley, and she carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley.

The Baptist church is celebrating its 100th anniversary this week. On Sunday morning Rev. P. Rukor, the pastor preached. In the evening a union service was held. Monday evening a reception of former pastors and members was held. Ice cream and

cake were served. Tuesday evening will be church reminiscences. Wednesday a picnic at beach. Thursday is memorial meeting. Friday a devotional service in the morning followed by a dinner, and a speaker, Rev. Walter C. Myers of Concord, will speak.

Rev. and Mrs. Watermann are in town for the Baptist anniversary. Rev. Waterman was pastor seven years ago.

You can rely on The Herald's news. It is the Associated Press.

COLONIAL Today 2.15 7.15

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World's Most Wonderful and Daring Acrobats.

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See His Impersonation of Roosevelt Somewhere in France.

Sign This Coupon---You Buy a Liberty Bond

It is inconvenient for many people to enter their subscriptions, IN PERSON, to the Liberty Loan bond. Some are too busy, some are far removed from places taking subscriptions, some are ignorant as to the proper procedure, and as to responsible parties taking subscriptions. Again many, through negligence, will let June 15, the last day, pass without entering their subscription. These and all other non-subscribers will be sorry enough, if they do not take advantage of this opportunity, as it is about the only way a man out of the trench can show that he is not a "slacker." Buttons will be issued to buyers of Liberty bonds.

After reading the COUPON below don't say you did not have the opportunity to do your DUTY, and at the same time SAVE money and save your country. Bonds are issued in denominations as low as \$50, on a partial payment plan. It bears interest at 3 1/2 per cent, is free from taxation, and is the safest bond on earth.

Mail or send by messenger the coupon below, with 2-cent stamp to any bank in Portsmouth, or ask for full details.

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Dear Sirs—I enclose herewith check, currency, postoffice money order, express money order, for \$..... being the first payment, 2 per cent, on LIBERTY LOAN BONDS on the PARTIAL PAYMENT PLAN.

Please mail me your regular subscription blank, which I will sign and return to you. Please acknowledge receipt, stating when I may expect delivery of the bonds.

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Olympia Theatre Wednesday-Thursday

WILLIAM FOX PRESENTS

Valeska Surattin "The New York Peacock"

AN ELABORATE SEVEN-ACT PRODUCTION OF LIFE IN THE GREAT CITY. THE PICTURE THAT SHOWED TEN WEEKS IN THE ACADEMY THEATRE, NEW YORK CITY. THIS PICTURE IS A WONDERFUL FASHION SHOW.

U. S. FIGHTING GERMANY IN A DEFENSIVE WAR

Secretary Lane Announces Aim and Object of the United States in Entering World War in Address Delivered at Washington

(By Associated Press)
Washington, June 4.—On the eve of war registration day, Secretary Lane made a speech before the Home Club of the Interior Department tonight in which he addressed a word to those who have not seen clearly the reason for the country's call upon its young men, and in ringing sentences answered the question, "Why are we fighting Germany?"

"America is at war," Mr. Lane said, "in self defense and because she could not keep out, she is at war to save herself with the rest of the world from the nation that has linked itself with the Turk and adopted the method of Mahomet, setting itself to make the world before her policies backed by its organized and scientific military system."

"Tomorrow is registration day," said the secretary. "It is the duty of all their legal as well as their patriotic duty, to register if within the class called. There are some who have not clearly seen the reason for this call. To these I would speak a word."

"Why are we fighting Germany? The brief answer is that ours is a war of

self-defense. We did not wish to fight Germany. She made the attack upon us; not on our shores, but on our ships, our lives, our rights, our future. For two years and more we held to a neutrality that made us apologists for things which outraged man's common sense of fair play and humanity."

"At each new offense—the invasion of Belgium, the killing of civilian Belgians, the attacks on Scarborough and other defenseless towns, the lying of mines in neutral waters, the fending off of the seas—and on and on through the months we said: 'This is war—war, unprovoked, unprovoked, unprovoked. All rules have been thrown away; all nobility; man has come down to the pitiless brute. And while we cannot justify we will not intervene. It is not our war.'"

"Then why are we in? Because we could not keep out. The invasion of Belgium, which opened the war, led to the invasion of the United States by slow, steady, logical steps. Our sympathies evolved into a conviction of self-interest. Our love of fair play flared into alarm at our own peril."

"We talked in the language and in the spirit of good faith and sincerity, in honest man should talk. Until we discovered that our talk was regarded as cowardice. And Mexico was called upon to join us. We talked as men would talk who cared alone for peace and the advancement of their own material interests, until we discovered that we were thought to be a nation of mere money-makers, devoid of all character. Until indeed we were told that we could not walk the high-ways of the world without permission of a prussian soldier, that our ships might not sail without wearing a striped uniform of humiliation upon a narrow path of national subservience. We talked as men talk who hope for honest agreement, not for war, until we found that the treaty torn to pieces at Liege was but the symbol of a policy that made agreements worthless against a purpose that knew no word but success."

"And so we came into this war for ourselves. It is a war to save America, to preserve self-respect, to justify our rights to live as we have lived, not as some one else wishes us to live. In the name of freedom we challenge with ships and men, money and an undaunted spirit, that word 'verboten' which Germany has written upon the sea and upon the land. For America is not the name of so much territory. It is a living spirit, born in travail, grown in the rough school of bitter experiences, a living spirit which has purpose and pride and conscience—knows why it wishes to live and to what end, knows how it comes to be respected of the world, and hopes to retain that respect by living on with the light of Lincoln's love of man as its old and new testament."

"It is more precious than this American should live than that we Americans should live. And this America as we now see has been challenged from the first of this war by the strong arm of a power that has no sympathy with our purpose, and will not hesitate to destroy us if the law that we respect, the rights that are to use sacred, or the spirit that we have, stand across her way. We have seen this world before her policies, backed by her organized and scientific military system. The world of Christ—a neglected but not a rejected Christ—has come again face to face with the world of Mahomet, who willed to win by force."

"With this background of history and in this sense, then, we fight Germany."

"Because of Belgium—invasion, outraged, enslaved, impoverished Belgium. We cannot forget Liege, Louvain and Cardinal Mercier. Translated into terms of American history these names stand for Bunker Hill, Lexington and Falmouth."

"Because of France—invasion, desolated France, a million of whose heroic sons have died to save the land of Lafayette. Glorious golden France, the preserver of the arts, the land of noble spirit. The first land to follow our lead into republican liberty."

"Because of England—from whom came the laws, traditions, standards of life and inherent love of liberty which we call Anglo-Saxon civilization. We defended her once upon the land and once upon the sea. But Australia, New Zealand, Africa and Canada are free because of what we did. And they are with us in the fight for the freedom of the seas."

"Because of Russia—new Russia. She must not be overwhelmed now. Not now, surely, when she is just born into freedom. Her peasants must have their chance; they must go to school to Washington, to Jefferson and to Lincoln, until they know their way about in this new, strange world, of government by the popular will, and

"Because of other peoples, with their rising hope that the world may be freed from government by the soldier."

"We are fighting Germany because she sought to terrorize us and then to fool us. We could not believe that Germany would do what she said she would do upon the seas."

"We still hear the piteous cries of children coming up out of the sea where the Lusitania went down. And Germany has never asked forgiveness of the world."

"We saw the Sussex sunk, crowded with the sons and daughters of neutral nations."

"We saw ship after ship sent to the bottom—ships of mercy bound out of America for the Belgian starving—ships carrying the Red Cross and laden with the wounded of all nations—ships carrying food and clothing to pitifully, harmless, terrorized peoples—ships flying the Stars and Stripes—sent to the bottom hundreds of miles from shore, manned by American seamen, murdered against all law without warning."

"We believed Germany's promise that she would respect the neutral flag and the rights of neutrals, and we held our anger and outrage in check. But

THAT KNIFE-LIKE PAIN

Is Only One of Nature's Warnings of Weak or Disturbed Kidneys.

Have you a lame back, aching day and night? Do you feel sharp pains after stooping? Are the kidneys sore? Is their action irregular? Use Doan's Kidney Pills—the medicine recommended by so many Portsmouth people. Read this case:

Stephen H. Goodwin, baker, 21 New-Castle St., Portsmouth, says: "When lifting a barrel of flour, I strained my back and wrenched my kidneys. Sharp pains came on, just over my hips. I was told of Doan's Kidney Pills and as I am on my feet all the time while working, I decided to try them. They gave me relief from this pain and I have nothing but good to say of Doan's Kidney Pills."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Goodwin had. Foster-McMillan Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Laugh When People Step On Your Feet

Try this yourself then pass it along to others. It works!

Ouch! ? ? ? This kind of rough talk will be heard less here in town if people troubled with corns will follow the simple advice of this Clinchall authority, who claims that a few drops of a drug called Freezone when applied to a tender aching corn stops soreness at once, and soon the corn dries up and it's right out without pain.

It's says Freezone is an ether compound which dries immediately and never inflames or even irritates the surrounding tissue or skin. A quarter of an ounce of Freezone will cost very little at any drug store and is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet. Millions of American women will welcome this announcement since the inauguration of the high heels.

Now we see that she was holding us off with false promises until she could build her huge fleet of submarines. For when spying came she blew her promise into the air, just as at the beginning she had torn up that scrap of paper. Then we saw clearly that there was but one law for Germany, her will to rule.

"We are fighting Germany because she violated our confidence. Paid German spies filled our cities. Officials of her government, received as the guests of this nation, lived with us to bribe and terrorize, defying our law and the law of nations."

"We are fighting Germany because while we were yet her friends—the only great power that still held hands off—she sent the Zimmermann note, calling to her aid Mexico, our southern neighbor, and hoping to lure Japan our western neighbor, into war against this nation of peace."

"The nation that would do these things proclaims the gospel that government has no conscience. As this doctrine has not lived, or else democracy must die. For the nations of the world must keep faith. There can be no living for us in a world where the state has no conscience; no reverence for the things of the spirit, no respect for international law, no mercy for those who fall before its force. What an ungodly, unchristian, godless, anarchic, defying our law and the law of nations."

"We are fighting Germany because in this war feudalism is making its last stand against on-coming democracy. We see it now. This is a war against an old spirit, an ancient, outworn spirit. It is a war against feudalism—the right of the castle on the hill to rule the village below. It is a war for democracy—the right of all to be their own masters. Let Germany be found if she will. But she must not spread her system over a world that has outgrown it. Feudalism plus science, thirteenth century plus twentieth—this is the religion of the mistaken Germany that has linked itself with the Turk—that has, too, adopted the method of Mahomet. 'The state has no conscience,' the state can do no wrong. With the spirit of the fanatic she believes this gospel and that it is her duty to spread it by force."

"With poison gas that makes living a hell, with submarines that sneak through the seas to slay murder non-combatants, with dirigibles that bombard men and women while they sleep, with a perfected system of terrorization that the modern world first heard of when German troops entered China, Germany feudalism is making war upon mankind."

"Let this old spirit of evil have its way and no man will live in America without paying toll to it, in manhood and in money. This spirit might demand Canada from a defeated, navy-less England, and then our dream of peace on the North would be at an end. We would live, as France has lived for forty years, in haunting terror."

"America speaks for the world in fighting Germany. Mark on a map those countries which are Germany's allies, and you will mark but four, running from the Baltic through Austria and Bulgaria to Turkey. All the other nations, the whole globe around, are in arms against her or are unable to move. There is deep meaning in this."

"We fight with the world for an honest world, in which nations keep their word, for a world in which nations do not live by swag and by threat, for a world in which men think of the ways in which they can conquer the common enemies of nature instead of inventing more horrible cruelties to inflict upon the spirit and body of man, for a world in which the ambition of the philosophy of a few shall not make miserable mankind for a world in which the man is held more precious than the machine, the system or the state."

MAY SHOW DESTROYER NEWS LEAK

(By Associated Press.)

New York, June 4.—Evidence that two complete high-power wireless outfits were assembled here and knocked down and later shipped to Mexico, to be used if it is believed in the German Spy System, was unearthed today in the arraignment of three men believed to be German spies who are charged with plotting to transport information to Germany by means of letters con-

cealed on board two Scandinavian steamships in the linings of trunks of seamen. The two steamers are regularly employed in the transporting of United States mails to Europe and the evidence, submitted before United States Commissioner Hitchcock, is considered damaging to the three men under arrest.

Only the surface of the evidence has been scratched so far, and before the hearings are over it is expected that one of the biggest spy plots to date will be completely uncovered. Five living persons in the United States, Germany and Mexico. The three men are Henry D. Perrell and Irving Bonaparte, said to be American born citizens and in the employ of a German electrical concern, and Axel E. Netcher, a naturalized citizen born in Sweden.

It is alleged that these men had been smuggling letters between the United States and Germany, and also between Germany and the United States by having them placed in the linings of trunks of Scandinavian sailors on board the liners. As the liners are under charter to carry mails to neutral countries this is in violation of the law which forbids competition in carrying other mails. A fourth man was arrested but was later released under parole. He is Ferdinand H. Adam, a German citizen, employed by a German electrical company here.

It is believed by officials that it is through these men that the information of the port of arrival of the American destroyer fleet was known in Germany before it was generally known in this country that the fleet had sailed for Europe.

May Be Shot If Convicted.

Washington, June 4.—If it is shown by the evidence that the three men in the custody of Federal officials in New York on the charge of being German Military spies are connected in any way with the transmission of information as to the sailing of the American destroyer fleet they will be tried under a military court martial under article 38 of the Articles of War. If convicted they will be sentenced to be shot as a military court has no alternative in the sentence. The President at his discretion, however, may suspend this sentence or commute it if he so desires.

BALTIMORE TRIMMED THE HIGH SCHOOL

In a fast six inning "supper" game last evening the U. S. S. Baltimore defeated the Portsmouth High School, 4 to 2, playing an errorless game. Murray pitched great ball for the sailors and was touched for four hits fanning nine in the six innings. Hodgdon was hit safely six times. The summary:

U. S. S. Baltimore.	ab	r	b	h	po	a	e
Newer, c.	3	0	1	8	1	0	
Alexander, cf.	3	0	0	0	1	0	
Norman, 1b.	3	0	0	2	0	0	
Hander, 2b.	2	0	0	3	0	0	
Nichols, 3b.	3	1	1	2	0	0	
Mullin, ss.	3	2	2	1	0	0	
Zabor, p.	3	1	0	0	0	0	
McCall, 1b.	2	0	1	1	0	0	
Murray, p.	3	0	0	1	0	0	
Totals	25	4	6	18	3	1	

Portsmouth High.	ab	r	b	h	po	a	e
Thompson, ss.	2	1	0	1	1	1	
Kennedy, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	0	
Bailey, 1b.	3	1	1	0	0	0	
Butler, 2b.	3	0	2	1	1	1	
Smith, c.	3	0	0	0	3	1	
Hodgdon, p.	2	0	1	2	0	0	
Clark, 1b.	1	0	0	0	1	0	
Trafton, 2b.	2	0	0	1	0	0	
Kirkpatrick, cf.	2	0	0	0	0	0	
Totals	21	2	4	18	8	4	

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6
Baltimore	0	2	0	0	0	2
P. H. S.	0	0	2	0	0	0
Sacrifice hit, McCall, stolen bases, Norman, Mullin, Bailey, 2, Hodgdon, Woods, Thompson, first base on balls, off Murray, off Hodgdon, struck out, by Murray 9, by Hodgdon 5, Time 1h 20m. Umpire Ralph Brackett.						
*Run for Butler in 3d inning.						

WHAT YOUR \$50 BOND LOAN WILL DO TO HELP THE WAR

"When you buy a \$50 bond," said the Liberty Loan committee yesterday, "you lend the government of your country \$50." The committee then pointed out what could be done with \$50. It will buy any of these items of war supplies:

1,000 lbs. of flour; 1,250 lbs. of bread; 200 lbs. bacon; 700 lbs. of sugar; 350 lbs. of coffee; 100 lbs. of tea; 120 lbs. of butter; 400 lbs. of fresh beef; 350 lbs. of beans, or 1,000 rounds of ammunition; 3 standard rifles; or 8 pairs of blankets; 25 coats; 6 women overcoats; 10 shelter tents to accommodate 32 men; 8 wooden khaki suits; 41 flannel shirts; 21 cotton khaki suits; or, it will equip one soldier for the front, and \$30 of your \$50 will buy a cooking range which will take care of an entire company of 150 men.

After a hearty meal take Doan's Regulents and assist your stomach, liver and bowels. Regulents are a mild laxative. 25c at all stores.

VIA RAIL & BOAT
BAY STATE LINE NEW YORK \$2.55

OUTSIDE STATEROOMS \$1.00
Special Meals
GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily including Sunday, between New York and Port of Spain, Port of Spain, N. Y.
Improved Service—Tel. Mails 1745, City
Ticket Office, 144 Washington St., Boston

SAVE HIM FROM DRINK

No man wants to be a slave to drink. Yet alcoholic poison has robbed many of the will power to take the step that will save themselves. You, who are well, can give encouragement to some sufferer to come to us, or better still, bring him to us. We will prove to you that a few days in these pleasant surroundings under our safe, successful treatment, will give any man or woman who has the drink habit a new lease on life, free from the desire for drink.

No charge for consultation. All dealings confidential.
THE NEAL INSTITUTE
892 Hanover St., Manchester, N. H.
60 Institutes in Principal Cities.

Itching, torturing skin eruptions, eczema, amay, drive one wild, Doan's Ointment is praised for its good work, 50c at all drug stores.



Purity

You can be sure it's pure if you buy your candy here. Only the highest quality flavorings and the very best of everything that's needed to make the choicest confections are good enough for our candies. A trial will convince.

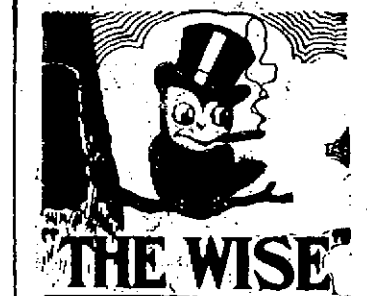
Buy Your Candy Where It's Fresh and Ready

All flavors of the choicest ice cream manufactured and delivered.
Today—Strawberries, 2 boxes 25c.
PORTSMOUTH FRUIT STORE
Tel. 614W. 155 Congress St.

KNICKERBOCKER Floor and Deck Paint
W. S. JACKSON,
111 Market Street

NEWMAN & ROSEN Sanitary Plumbing & Heating Contractors
Jobbing Promptly Attended To.
83 Bow St., Portsmouth.

A. Thurston Parker
SUCCESSOR TO
OLIVER W. HAM
122 Market St.
Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer.
Phone at Office and Residence.
Lady Assistant provided when required.



THE WISE

The wise owl tells us we must practice economy in every way to help our country in the present crisis. The wise woman will do so by sending her washing to us, thereby saving time, labor, and expense. A trial will convince you that this statement is true.

NEW METHOD LAUNDRY
Tel. 373. Commercial Wharf Water Street.



TO YOUR HEALTH

and to your everlasting satisfaction We toast you in the name of vintage wines and liquors. Our cellars contain the choicest goodies that are aged with a view to the snack and ting of party festoon. Look over our wine and liquor lists. The prices will be equally satisfactory.

JOSEPH SACCO
892 Market St.



WET WASH LAUNDRY

We take pride in the excellence of our service. Promptness, thoroughness, and reliability are the things that make our work unexcelled. Our modern machines are sanitary and gentle with the clothes. Try us this week.

Home Washing Co.,
315 Maplewood Ave. Tel. 459B
L. M. GROVER, Prop.

Has Junk License
For Kittery and This City.
JACOB HOOZ
9 HANCOCK ST.

desires to inform his customers that he has a junk license for both Kittery and this city and will be pleased to call on all of his old as well as new customers.

Wholesale Price Paid for Old Junk.

7-20-4
R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfg.
Factory output now upwards of Fifty Millions annually
Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world.
FACTORY, MANCHESTER, N. H.



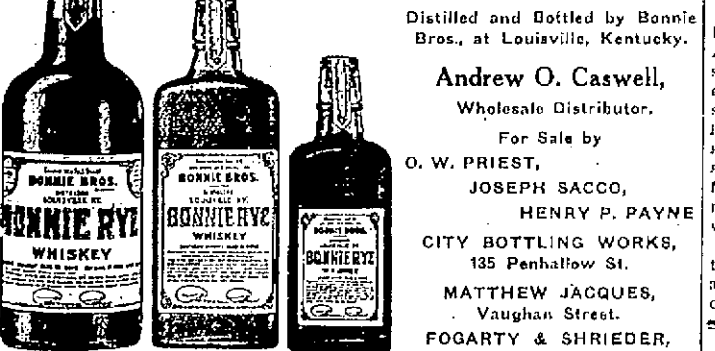
The boy who hasn't worn a Right-Posture suit doesn't realize what he is missing. Right-Posture is a money saving suit.

N. H. BEANE & CO.
5 Congress Street. 22 High Street.

BONNIE RYE

The whiskey sold in style bottle shown. Original Distillery Bottling. You are sure of the high quality whereby

Every Swallow Makes a Friend
If the Seal is Unbroken.



Full Qt., \$1.00 Full Pint, 50c Full 1/2 Pint, 25c

Distilled and Bottled by Bonnie Bros., at Louisville, Kentucky.

Andrew O. Caswell, Wholesale Distributor.


For Sale by O. W. PRIEST,

JOSEPH SACCO, HENRY P. PAYNE

CITY BOTTLING WORKS, 135 Penhallow St.

MATTHEW JACQUES, Vaughan Street.

FOGARTY & SHRIEDER, Ladd Street.



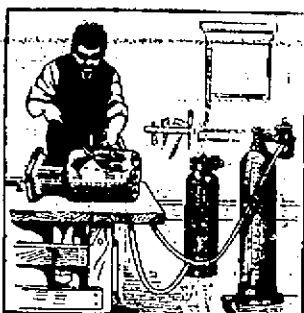
ARE YOUR TEETH EXTRA SENSITIVE?

Many people have extra sensitive teeth and have allowed their mouths to get in a terrible condition because their previous trips to the dentist have been nothing short of going to the electric chair. Now friends, with me it is so different. There is ABSOLUTELY NO PAIN WHEN YOU COME TO ME. Try me just once! I am the different dentist.

NATURAL DENTISTRY

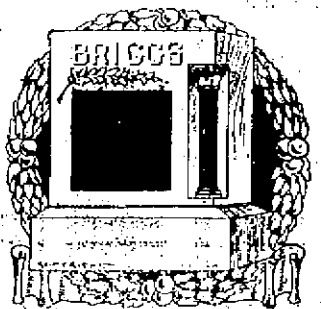
Set Teeth \$8 up
Gold Filling \$1 up
Gold Crowns \$5 up
Bridge Work \$3 up
Other Fillings \$1 up

NO PAIN! NO HIGH PRICES
THE PRICES IN MY OFFICE ARE THE LOWEST IN THE CITY.
DR. T. T. ESTABROOKS, 39 Congress St., Portsmouth.
P. A. M. to 8 P. M. TEL. 1106W. NURSE IN ATTENDANCE.



We weld broken Auto Parts Perfectly. We will save you money, time and inconvenience. The cracked cylinder, broken axle, broken frame member, broken transmission or crankcase, propeller shaft, etc., are made whole and sound by us. Machinery castings of all sorts also welded—see us before ordering new parts. Bolter, welding also—see us about it. Reasonable rates and high-grade work.

G. A. TRAFTON,
200 Market St., Portsmouth
HORSESHOEING AND JOBBING.



If you place an order for a Granite Monument with us we do not order it of a manufacturer, but we manufacture it right here at our plant, which is equipped with the most modern machinery operated by electric power, and is the only plant so equipped in this section. We carry the largest stock of finished monuments and tablets of any city east of Boston.

Call and see the variety of designs we carry.

Fred C. SMALLEY,
CORNER STATE & WATER STS.
Also Doyer, N. H., Opp. City Hall.

STANTON'S GARAGE

44 Hanover St.
If your Car needs repairs let me estimate the expense of overhaul.

Quick Service and Reasonable Charges

Personal Supervision of All Work.
A First-Class Service Station.
44 Hanover St.

FRANK M. STANTON, Proprietor.
Tel. 1234.

Do You Throw Your Money Away?

If you do not say it by bringing your old clothes to us to be re-dressed and repaired. We can many times give you an extra year's wear out of a suit you consider useless. Our sewing department is as near perfection as scientific knowledge and modern equipment can make it. In our dyeing department we make a specialty of turning out work at two days' notice.

SUSSMAN'S DYE HOUSE
129 Penhallow St. Tel. 103

Chas. W. Greene

FIRST CLASS SHOE REPAIRING
Shoes Made to Order. Guaranteed.
A Full Line of Shoe Findings.
Leaves, Arches, Poles, Buttons, Etc.
107 State St.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Opp. P. O.

Decorations

FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS
FOR WEDDINGS AND FUNERALS

R. CAPSTICK
ROCKS STREET.

AMERICANS ON SHIP SUNK BY U-BOAT

BOSTON MAN AMONG THOSE RESCUED.—ANOTHER SHIP DRIVES OFF THE ENEMY.

New York, June 4.—"Torpedoing" of the British steamer *Jessmore*, on route from Baltimore to Manchester, with several Americans in her crew, was reported by arrivals from Europe in New York today.

Four Americans, they said, who were saved were Louis Dentithorne of Coatesville, Pa., William P. Green of Boston, Thomas O'Brien of Washington, and Edward Cunningham of New Haven, Ct. The *Jessmore* was torpedoed May 12. Her crew was picked up by the British steamer *Nelrose*, which three days later at the port of the attack the U-boat. The *Germán* tried its mightiest to torpedo the *Nelrose*, but in vain.

Lloyd's lists the *Jessmore* as a steel screw steamer of 3511 tons, owned by the Johnston Line and registered at Liverpool.

AMERICAN RED CROSS.

New Hampshire State Chapter, Concord, N. H., June 2, 1917.
To the Chairmen and Members of Branch Chapters in New Hampshire:

President Wilson has proclaimed the week of June 18th to June 24th, as Red Cross week for the purpose of raising a Red Cross War Fund of \$100,000,000 for war relief work in Europe. The urgency of this matter is very great. Our former ambassador to Germany, Mr. Gerard, stated recently that the efficiency of military work is largely dependent on the efficiency of the Red Cross. General Pershing has made the same statement and has further said that unless the Red Cross can blaze the way, and clear up the pestilential conditions that now exist on the front in Europe, the military usefulness of the troops which the United States will send will be much reduced. Tuberculosis and all forms of pestilence are rife, and reducing the effectiveness of military operations. The money received in the Red Cross War Fund will shorten and war and will save many of our sons and brothers who may go to the front from being incapacitated if not lost through pestilence and disease. You



WE ARE ENGAGED

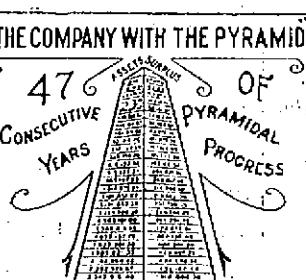
In relieving the shoe troubles of the public. If your feet hurt, you cannot be happy, but why have them hurt in stiff new shoes, when your comfortable old ones can be made as good looking as new by our careful work in

Shoe Repairing?

We are prepared to serve you promptly and satisfactorily at most reasonable prices. Give us a trial this week. Reliable work at lowest prices.

FULIS BROS.,

157 Congress St.
TEL. 718M.



NEW HAMPSHIRE

FIRE INSURANCE CO.

1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00
2,000,000.00	2,000,000.00
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98,000,000.00	98,000,000.00
99,000,000.00	99,000,000.00
1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00

TOTAL LIABILITIES \$3,969,444.13

POLICY HOLDERS' SURPLUS \$3,600,428.41

